# Hidaka "Stroll and Discover" Map

ひだか探訪お散歩マップ



## Access



 JR Hachiko Line, Komagawa Station (40 min from Hachioji Station) ● JR Kawagoe Line, Komagawa Station (20 min from Kawagoe Station)



### Some helpful resources

JR East Phone Inquiry ...... 050-2016-1600 Seibu Railway Customer Service · · · · · · · 04-2996-2888 Hidaka Sightseeing Association · · · · · · · 042-989-2111 Kinchakuda Administration Office · · · · · · · · 042-982-0268

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## 2016 is the 1300th Anniversary of the Establishment of Koma County



Hidaka City is home to the historical Koma County, and you can still find place names like Koma Shrine and Koma River. The county name has significant relevance to the ancient kingdom of Kokuri in Korean Peninsula. In the year 716, Koma County was established and settled by the Koma people. The year 2016 is the 1,300th anniversary of the establishment of Koma

## The History of the Making of Koma County

One of the places immigrants came from was the Kokuri region in Korea. Kokuri is read "Koma" in Japanse, so immigrants from that region became known as "Komabito" (the Koma people). The people of Koma inhabited seven Eastern provinces: Suruga (today's Shizuoka), Kai (Yamanashi), Sagami (Kanagawa), Kazusa (Chiba), Shimousa (Chiba), Hitachi (Ibaraki), and Shimotsuke (Tochigi).



which held the political power at the time, established Koma County in the Musashi province (today's Tokyo, Saitama, and part of Kanagawa) in 716. The 1,799 Koma people living in the seven Eastern provinces all migrated to Koma County. Jakko, a prominent individual and a member of the royal family of Kokuri, became a leader in Koma County and improved the lives of the people by reclaiming then-uncultivated land within Koma County, setting up industries, and making other contributions

The people made a foundation for living, built public office buildings and roads, and provided necessities for the county.

Hidaka is a place where, from ancient times until today, people take pride in living and are always keeping active. History & Culture How about spending a relaxing day of strolling and following the tracks of history?



Koma Shrine MAP E-4

This shrine was built to honor Jakko Komanokokishi, a royal member of Kokuri. He is believed to be a deity of good fortune and success in life.



An old Koma village home ithin the grounds, the main lding and guest quarters, end of the Edo Period and the start of the Meiji Period, are centrally located along with a shed and two storehouses. Stone and white plaster walls face the road. These of Koma life.



Koma Family Residence MA2 E-4

## Shoden'in

Behind Koma Shrine, there remains a residence that has belonged to generations of

resident head priests, the Koma family. The residence is noted within the prefecture as

One is struck by the beauty of Komazan Shoden'in Shorakuji (temple) with its characteristic temple gates and majestic air. The spring cherry blossoms splendidly reflect their grace in the pools of water

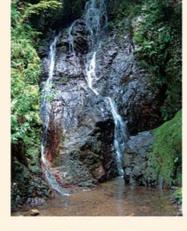
# See and Enjoy Natural beauty and breathtaking landscapes abound.

Hidaka is nature's treasure house.



Mt. Hiwada MAP C-5

At 305 m above sea level, this mountain is a well-known symbol of Hidaka. At the top, there is a Hokyoin pagoda of cultural significance, a maintained hiking course, and outstanding panoramic views.



## Gojo Falls

The name "Gojo" is based on the five virtues of compassion, justice, gratitude, wisdom, and honesty. The waterfall is only about 12 meters, but locals boast with pride about the amount of water that spills. At the bottom of the falls, Takifudoson (a deity that is believed to reside at the bottom of the falls) is paid homage.

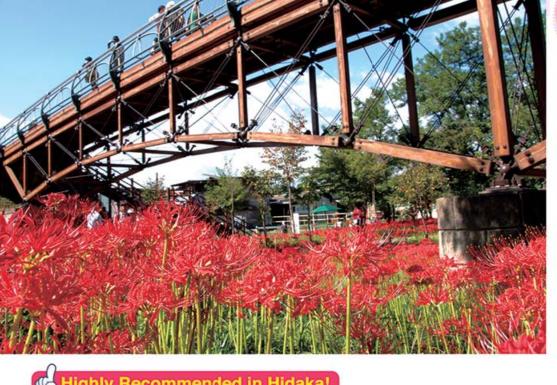


Clear waters of the

One hour from central Tokyo. Enjoy an easy day of play at the river with family and friends.

Kameya

MAP F-4



## Highly Recommended in Hidaka!

# Kinchakuda Manjushage Park

5,000,000 Red Spider Lilies

The clear waters that run through Hidaka City and the meandering flow of the Koma River has over time created a land formation. This shape is said to resemble a "kinchaku" or drawstring pouch and was, thus, named Kinchakuda ("pouch field").

The plain is surrounded by 22 hectares of water and it has fields of rape blossoms and cosmos. In the center, a massive cluster of "manjushage" (red spider lilies) burst open in the autumn, painting the whole area a deep red color, and all around a red carpet of flowers appears.









the four seasons









Flowers of Hidaka City's surrounding nature provides a feeling of tranquility.
The landscape of lovely flowers will heal your soul.



Rape blossoms

Cherry blossoms (Yoshino cherry)







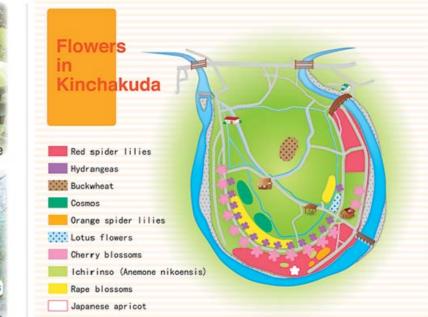






Weeping cherry blossoms MAP E-4

End of July through early September



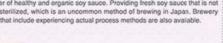
# Hidaka's Local Specialties Farmed and processed goods from Hidaka, created from the bount Mother Nature. Every item is exceptional and ready to be savored.

Farmed and processed goods from Hidaka, created from the bounty of

# Yugeta Shoy









## Irumano Agricultura Cooperative MAP F-5,J-6 Don't miss out on their fresh to



class gourmet competition! se Kim-Chee Stew, which cludes fresh local vegetables and Korear



高麗郷のキー

A special high-quality sake brewed at a quiet brewery peacefully nestled near the Koma River. Please try the flavor of "Komao (the king of Koma)", a

Koma Village Cookies

# **Recommended Spots**

## Spring Hiking from Kinchakuda to Mt. Hiwada

This is a hiking course that even beginner hikers can enjoy. From the shrine gate close to the top of Mt Hiwada, a panoramic view of Kinchakuda can be seen, and on a clear day, there are views in the direction of Tokyo. Kinchakuda and Mt Hiwada are well-known landmarks of Hidaka.



## **Summer** A Tour of the Waterfalls, including Gojo Falls

The name "Gojo" is based on the five virtues o compassion, justice, gratitude, wisdom, and honesty. At some point in history, the waterfall was named after this concept. The falls that leisurely flow through the forest will cool you down from the summer heat together with the shade of the surrounding trees.





Kinchakuda is famous for its red spider lillies that boom in mid-September. The approximat 5.5 hectare field of flowers (Kinchakuda Manjushage Park) is one of the largest in



## Winter Hatsumode (First visit to a shrine for the New Year)

Most Japanese people visit a shrine after January 1 to pray for health and good fortune in the New Year. In Hidaka City, Koma Shrine and Shoten'in are the most popular

